### organic compounds



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#### **Structure Reports**

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# 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(4-iodophenyl)-ethane

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 200 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.013 Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.112; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

In the structure of the title compound,  $C_{14}H_9Cl_3I_2$ , which is the 4-iodophenyl analogue of the insecticide DDT [1,1,1-tri-chloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane], isomorphism between the two compounds has been confirmed. In the molecule, the dihedral angle between the planes of the two benzene rings is 65.8 (4)° which compares with 64.7 (7)° in DDT.

#### **Related literature**

For the determination of crystal data for the title compound and the *p*-bromo substituted DDT analogue, see: Schneider & Fankuchen (1946). For the structures of DDT and related analogues, see: DeLacy & Kennard (1972); Hovmöller *et al.* (1978).

#### **Experimental**

Crystal data

 $C_{14}$ H<sub>9</sub>Cl<sub>3</sub>I<sub>2</sub>  $V = 1606.61 (7) \text{ Å}^3$   $M_r = 537.36$  Z = 4 Orthorhombic,  $Pca2_1$  Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation a = 9.8117 (3) Å  $\mu = 4.40 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  b = 20.3445 (4) Å T = 200 K c = 8.0486 (2) Å 0.25 × 0.20 × 0.08 mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini-S CCD-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2012)  $T_{\min} = 0.386, \ T_{\max} = 0.980$ 5183 measured reflections 2905 independent reflections 2687 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   $R_{\rm int} = 0.028$ 

Refinement

 $\begin{array}{lll} R[F^2>2\sigma(F^2)]=0.044 & \text{H-atom parameters constrained} \\ wR(F^2)=0.112 & \Delta\rho_{\max}=0.80 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \\ S=1.08 & \Delta\rho_{\min}=-0.95 \text{ e Å}^{-3} \\ 2905 \text{ reflections} & \text{Absolute structure: Flack (1983),} \\ 172 \text{ parameters} & 1203 \text{ Friedel pairs} \\ 1 \text{ restraint} & \text{Flack parameter: } -0.02 \text{ (4)} \end{array}$ 

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: CrysAlis PRO; data reduction: CrysAlis PRO; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR92 (Altomare et al., 1993); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008) within WinGX (Farrugia, 1999); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: PLATON.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2477).

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### 1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis(4-iodophenyl)ethane

#### **Graham Smith**

#### Comment

The title compound is the p-iodophenyl analogue of the insecticide DDT [1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane] which with the p-bromophenyl analogue provided crystal data (Schneider & Fankuchen, 1946) that indicated a probable isomorphous series [orthorhombic, space group  $Pca2_1$ , Z=4: for the p-Cl analogue (DDT), a=9.963 (1), b=19.200 (2), c=7.887 (1) Å, V=1509.0 Å $^3$  [from the crystal structure of DDT (DeLacy & Kennard, 1972); for the 4-bromophenyl analogue, a=9.93, b=19.68, c=7.93 Å, V=1549 Å $^3$ ]. The structure of the title compound, for which the crystal data was also reported by Schneider & Fankuchen (1946), is reported herein.

With the title compound (Fig. 1), isomorphism with DDT as suggested from the crystal data has been confirmed on the basis of space group, cell parameters and the molecular structures. The dihedral angle between the two phenyl planes in this compound [65.8 (4)°] compares with 64.7 (7)° in the structure of DDT (DeLacy & Kennard, 1972). Stabilizing the ring conformation is an intramolecular aromatic C6A-H····Cl2 interaction [D····A = 3.335 (10) Å].

In the crystal, there are relatively short I4A···Cl1 and I4A···I4A contacts [3.777 (2) and 4.1502 (9) Å, respectively] but otherwise no other significant intermolecular interactions are present (Fig. 2).

#### **Experimental**

The title compound was obtained as an analytical reference standard from the U.S.Public Health Service. The original crystal data was reported by Schneider & Fankuchen (1946). Small colourless plate-like crystals of the title compound, suitable for X-ray analysis, were obtained by room temperature evaporation of a solution in isopropyl alcohol.

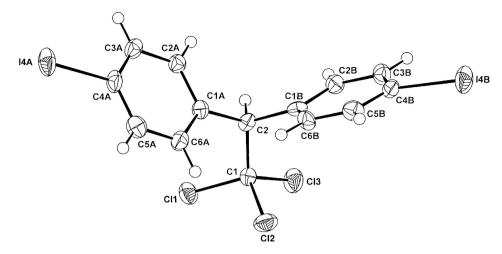
#### Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were included in the refinement at calculated positions [C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic) or 0.98 Å (methine), with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$ , using a riding-model approximation. The maximum difference electron density peak was 0.80 eÅ<sup>-3</sup>, adjacent to atom I4A.

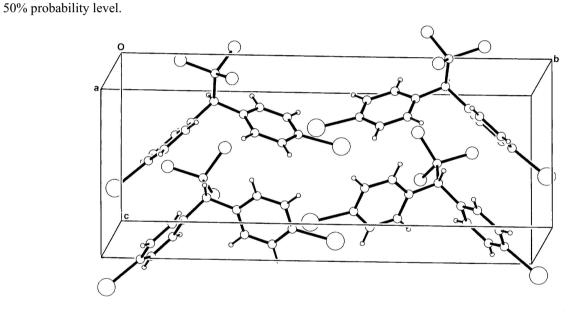
#### **Computing details**

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1993); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) within *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2504 Sup-1



**Figure 1**Molecular conformation and atom numbering scheme for the title molecule, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the



**Figure 2**A perspective view of the crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the *a* axis.

#### 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(4-iodophenyl)ethane

Crystal data  $C_{14}H_9Cl_3I_2$ F(000) = 1000 $M_r = 537.36$  $D_{\rm x} = 2.222 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Orthorhombic, Pca2<sub>1</sub> Hall symbol: P 2c -2ac Cell parameters from 2427 reflections a = 9.8117(3) Å $\theta = 3.2 - 28.7^{\circ}$  $\mu = 4.40 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ b = 20.3445 (4) Å T = 200 Kc = 8.0486 (2) Å  $V = 1606.61 (7) \text{ Å}^3$ Plate, colourless Z = 4 $0.25\times0.20\times0.08~mm$ 

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2504 sup-2

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini-S CCD-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray source

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 16.077 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>

 $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2012)

 $T_{\min} = 0.386, T_{\max} = 0.980$ 

Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ 

 $wR(F^2) = 0.112$ 

S = 1.08

2905 reflections 172 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

5183 measured reflections 2905 independent reflections 2687 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.028$ 

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.4^{\circ}$ 

 $h = -10 {\longrightarrow} 12$ 

 $k = -13 \rightarrow 25$ 

 $l = -9 \rightarrow 9$ 

Hydrogen site location: inferred from

neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0574P)^2 + 5.2653P]$ 

where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.80 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.95 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ 

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1203 Friedel

pairs

Flack parameter: -0.02 (4)

#### Special details

**Geometry**. Bond distances, angles *etc*. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and F-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	x	у	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
I4A	0.95323 (7)	0.01062(3)	1.18735 (8)	0.0400(2)	
I4B	0.89471 (7)	0.54100(3)	0.90275 (11)	0.0422 (2)	
C11	1.0549 (2)	0.15878 (11)	0.4415 (3)	0.0316 (7)	
C12	1.1944 (2)	0.27227 (12)	0.5751 (3)	0.0359 (7)	
C13	0.9773 (3)	0.28835 (12)	0.3400(3)	0.0366 (7)	
C1	1.0324 (8)	0.2408 (4)	0.5112 (12)	0.026(3)	
C1A	0.9376 (8)	0.1901 (4)	0.7842 (11)	0.022(3)	
C1B	0.9112 (8)	0.3126 (4)	0.7238 (11)	0.023(3)	
C2	0.9238 (8)	0.2436 (4)	0.6522 (10)	0.020(3)	
C2A	0.8197 (9)	0.1581 (4)	0.8344 (11)	0.024(2)	
C2B	0.9956 (8)	0.3350 (4)	0.8512 (12)	0.027(3)	
C3A	0.8211 (9)	0.1073 (4)	0.9512 (11)	0.027(3)	
C3B	0.9885 (8)	0.3989 (4)	0.9066 (15)	0.031(3)	
C4A	0.9450 (10)	0.0899 (4)	1.0187 (13)	0.030(3)	
C4B	0.8945 (9)	0.4409 (5)	0.8347 (13)	0.029(3)	
C5A	1.0643 (9)	0.1209 (5)	0.9744 (13)	0.032(3)	

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2504 Sup-3

C5B	0.8044 (8)	0.4195 (4)	0.7141 (12)	0.029 (3)
C6A	1.0600 (9)	0.1711 (5)	0.8569 (13)	0.029 (3)
C6B	0.8130 (8)	0.3553 (4)	0.6603 (12)	0.027 (3)
H2	0.83640	0.23500	0.59740	0.0250*
H2A	0.73680	0.17080	0.78850	0.0290*
H2B	1.05770	0.30630	0.89950	0.0320*
H3A	0.74120	0.08600	0.98230	0.0320*
Н3В	1.04570	0.41360	0.99090	0.0360*
H5A	1.14670	0.10850	1.02230	0.0380*
H5B	0.73940	0.44780	0.67010	0.0350*
H6A	1.14030	0.19220	0.82650	0.0350*
H6B	0.75230	0.34020	0.58020	0.0320*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
I4A	0.0686 (4)	0.0249(3)	0.0266(3)	0.0085(3)	0.0032(3)	0.0055(3)
I4B	0.0629 (4)	0.0206(3)	0.0430(4)	-0.0046(3)	0.0038 (4)	-0.0056(3)
C11	0.0378 (11)	0.0244 (11)	0.0326 (13)	0.0046 (8)	0.0019 (9)	-0.0051(9)
Cl2	0.0264 (10)	0.0380 (12)	0.0433 (15)	-0.0087(9)	0.0074 (10)	-0.0060 (11)
C13	0.0510 (13)	0.0299 (12)	0.0290 (12)	0.0033 (10)	0.0040 (11)	0.0078 (10)
C1	0.025 (4)	0.019(4)	0.034 (5)	-0.001(3)	0.003 (4)	-0.001 (4)
C1A	0.026 (4)	0.020(4)	0.021 (5)	0.000(3)	-0.002(3)	-0.002(3)
C1B	0.019(3)	0.031 (5)	0.018 (5)	-0.003(3)	0.004(3)	0.000(3)
C2	0.018 (4)	0.022 (4)	0.021 (5)	-0.004(3)	-0.007(3)	0.003(3)
C2A	0.024 (4)	0.022(4)	0.026 (4)	-0.001(3)	-0.001(4)	-0.001(3)
C2B	0.020(4)	0.025 (4)	0.035 (5)	0.005(3)	-0.008(4)	0.002 (4)
C3A	0.035 (4)	0.021 (4)	0.024 (5)	-0.007(3)	0.004(4)	-0.003(3)
C3B	0.027 (4)	0.034 (5)	0.031 (5)	-0.001(3)	-0.003(4)	-0.002(5)
C4A	0.044 (5)	0.020(4)	0.026 (5)	0.003 (4)	0.004(4)	0.006 (4)
C4B	0.035 (5)	0.020(4)	0.031 (5)	-0.002(4)	0.012 (4)	0.001 (4)
C5A	0.033 (5)	0.032 (5)	0.030(5)	0.005 (4)	-0.005(4)	0.002 (4)
C5B	0.032 (4)	0.024 (4)	0.030(6)	0.003(3)	-0.001(4)	0.004(4)
C6A	0.028 (4)	0.024 (4)	0.035 (6)	-0.003(4)	0.000(4)	0.003 (4)
C6B	0.025 (4)	0.024 (4)	0.031 (6)	-0.002(3)	-0.001(4)	-0.002 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å,  $^{o}$ )

I4A—C4A	2.110 (9)	C3B—C4B	1.384 (13)
I4B—C4B	2.109 (10)	C4A—C5A	1.377 (13)
C11—C1	1.774 (9)	C4B—C5B	1.383 (13)
C12—C1	1.789 (8)	C5A—C6A	1.393 (15)
C13—C1	1.768 (9)	C5B—C6B	1.379 (12)
C1—C2	1.558 (12)	C2—H2	0.9800
C1A—C2	1.527 (12)	C2A—H2A	0.9300
C1A—C2A	1.388 (12)	C2B—H2B	0.9300
C1A—C6A	1.391 (12)	СЗА—НЗА	0.9300
C1B—C2	1.523 (12)	СЗВ—НЗВ	0.9300
C1B—C2B	1.395 (12)	C5A—H5A	0.9300
C1B—C6B	1.394 (12)	C5B—H5B	0.9300

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2504 sup-4

C2A—C3A	1.397 (12)	C6A—H6A	0.9300
C2B—C3B	1.376 (12)	C6B—H6B	0.9300
C3A—C4A	1.378 (13)		
Cl1—Cl—Cl2	108.5 (4)	C3B—C4B—C5B	121.7 (9)
C11—C1—C13	107.8 (5)	C4A—C5A—C6A	119.1 (9)
C11—C1—C2	110.5 (6)	C4B—C5B—C6B	118.7 (8)
C12—C1—C13	107.5 (5)	C1A—C6A—C5A	121.1 (8)
C12—C1—C2	112.7 (6)	C1B—C6B—C5B	121.2 (8)
C13—C1—C2	109.8 (5)	C1—C2—H2	105.00
C2—C1A—C2A	117.6 (7)	C1A—C2—H2	105.00
C2—C1A—C6A	124.6 (8)	C1B—C2—H2	105.00
C2A—C1A—C6A	117.8 (8)	C1A—C2A—H2A	119.00
C2—C1B—C2B	122.1 (7)	C3A—C2A—H2A	119.00
C2—C1B—C6B	119.5 (7)	C1B—C2B—H2B	119.00
C2B—C1B—C6B	118.4 (8)	C3B—C2B—H2B	119.00
C1—C2—C1A	114.8 (7)	C2A—C3A—H3A	121.00
C1—C2—C1B	111.4 (7)	C4A—C3A—H3A	121.00
C1A—C2—C1B	113.6 (7)	C2B—C3B—H3B	121.00
C1A—C2A—C3A	122.3 (8)	C4B—C3B—H3B	121.00
C1B—C2B—C3B	121.1 (8)	C4A—C5A—H5A	120.00
C2A—C3A—C4A	117.7 (8)	C6A—C5A—H5A	120.00
C2B—C3B—C4B	118.8 (9)	C4B—C5B—H5B	121.00
I4A—C4A—C3A	118.9 (7)	C6B—C5B—H5B	121.00
I4A—C4A—C5A	119.0 (7)	C1A—C6A—H6A	120.00
C3A—C4A—C5A	122.0 (9)	C5A—C6A—H6A	119.00
I4B—C4B—C3B	119.1 (7)	C1B—C6B—H6B	119.00
I4B—C4B—C5B	119.1 (7)	C5B—C6B—H6B	119.00
Cl1—C1—C2—C1A	44.3 (8)	C6B—C1B—C2—C1A	-134.9 (8)
C11—C1—C2—C1B	175.3 (6)	C2—C1B—C2B—C3B	175.7 (8)
C12—C1—C2—C1A	-77.2 (8)	C6B—C1B—C2B—C3B	-4.0 (13)
C12—C1—C2—C1B	53.8 (8)	C2—C1B—C6B—C5B	-175.6 (8)
Cl3—C1—C2—C1A	163.1 (6)	C2B—C1B—C6B—C5B	4.0 (13)
Cl3—C1—C2—C1B	-65.9 (8)	C1A—C2A—C3A—C4A	0.9 (13)
C2A—C1A—C2—C1	-135.2 (8)	C1B—C2B—C3B—C4B	0.7 (14)
C2A—C1A—C2—C1B	94.9 (9)	C2A—C3A—C4A—I4A	-177.3 (6)
C6A—C1A—C2—C1	44.5 (12)	C2A—C3A—C4A—C5A	0.1 (14)
C6A—C1A—C2—C1B	-85.4 (10)	C2B—C3B—C4B—I4B	-174.4(7)
C2—C1A—C2A—C3A	178.4 (8)	C2B—C3B—C4B—C5B	2.7 (15)
C6A—C1A—C2A—C3A	-1.4 (13)	I4A—C4A—C5A—C6A	176.9 (7)
C2—C1A—C6A—C5A	-178.8 (9)	C3A—C4A—C5A—C6A	-0.5 (15)
C2A—C1A—C6A—C5A	1.0 (14)	I4B—C4B—C5B—C6B	174.5 (7)
C2B—C1B—C2—C1	-86.2 (10)	C3B—C4B—C5B—C6B	-2.7 (14)
C2B—C1B—C2—C1A	45.5 (11)	C4A—C5A—C6A—C1A	-0.1 (15)
C6B—C1B—C2—C1	93.5 (9)	C4B—C5B—C6B—C1B	-0.8 (13)

Acta Cryst. (2012). E**68**, o2504

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D···A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C6A—H6A···Cl2	0.93	2.65	3.335 (10)	131

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